

RULES FOR ACCOMPANYING A CHILD UNTIL BOARDING THE AIRCRAFT

- 1. In order to accompany a child until boarding the aircraft, the accompanying person shall receive a permit which is issued by a passenger registration agent.
- 2. The permit holder shall go through airport security checkpoint with the child. You must use the FAST TRACK SECURITY CHECKPOINT.
- 3. Before going to airport security checkpoint, permit holder shall make sure that the following articles are not in their and the child's hand luggage:
 - a) *guns, firearms and other devices that discharge projectiles*, devices capable, or appearing capable, of being used to cause serious injury by discharging a projectile, including:
 - firearms of all types, such as pistols, revolvers, rifles, shotguns,
 - toy guns, replicas and imitation firearms capable of being mistaken for real weapons,
 - component parts of firearms, excluding telescopic sights,
 - compressed air and CO2 guns, such as pistols, pellet guns, rifles and ball bearing guns,
 - signal flare pistols and starter pistols,
 - bows, cross bows and arrows,
 - harpoon guns and spear guns,
 - slingshots and catapults.
 - b) stunning devices devices designed specifically to stun or immobilise, including:
 - devices for shocking, such as stun guns, tasers and stun batons,
 - animal stunners and animal killers,
 - disabling and incapacitating chemicals, gases and sprays, such as tear gas, pepper sprays, acid sprays and animal repellent sprays;
 - gas pistols and cartridges.
 - c) *objects with a sharp point or sharp edge* objects with a sharp point or sharp edge capable of being used to cause serious injury, including:
 - items designed for chopping, such as axes and cleavers,
 - ice axes and ice picks,
 - cardboard cutters,
 - knives with blades of more than 6 cm,
 - scissors with blades of more than 6 cm as measured from the fulcrum,
 - martial arts equipment with a sharp point or sharp edge,
 - swords and sabres.
 - d) workmen's tools tools capable of being used either to cause serious injury or to threaten the safety of aircraft, including:
 - crowbars.
 - drills and drill bits, including cordless portable power drills,
 - tools with a blade or a shaft of more than 6 cm capable of use as a weapon, such as screwdrivers and chisels,
 - saws, including cordless portable power saws,
 - blowtorches,
 - bolt guns and nail guns.
 - e) *blunt instruments* objects capable of being used to cause serious injury when used to hit, including:
 - baseball and softball bats,





- clubs and batons, such as billy clubs, blackjacks and night sticks,
- martial arts equipment.
- f) *explosives and incendiary substances and devices* which are capable, or appearing capable, of being used to cause serious injury or to pose a threat to the safety of aircraft, including:
- ammunition,
- blasting caps,
- detonators and fuses,
- replica or imitation explosive devices,
- mines, grenades and other explosive military stores,
- fireworks and other pyrotechnics,
- smoke-generating canisters and smoke-generating cartridges,
- dynamite, gunpowder and plastic explosives.
- 4. The following liquids are allowed in your hand luggage:
 - Liquids in containers of 100ml or less, packed in one resealable transparent bag with 1 litre maximum capacity;
 - Medication and special dietary products, e.g. baby food;
 - Any other liquids are not allowed in hand baggage.
- 5. If prohibited articles, which are included in the list of prohibited articles or dangerous substances, are detected during security check, for the carrying of which neither administrative nor criminal liability is provided for in the law, the passenger has the option:
 - to hand the article over to an accompanying person;
 - to check in the article, if it is not included in the list of dangerous substances;
 - to put it in Airport baggage storage (in accordance with the price list);
 - to dispose of this article by throwing it into the bin.
- 6. If a prohibited article or substance is detected during security check, for the unauthorised storage or carrying of which, either administrative or criminal liability is provided for in the law, the competent state law enforcement authorities are immediately informed.
- 7. The permit holder is responsible for the accompanied child's supervision, including for accompanying the child and that the child boards the flight.
- 8. It is the permit holder's obligation to wait at the Airport until the aircraft carrying the child has departed.
- 9. After accompanying the child, the permit holder shall leave departure sector using the exit to city via baggage claim area (please follow airport signs).
- 10. The permit cannot be used for the purchase of products in shops in departure sector (you may purchase them using the child's boarding pass).
- 11. The permit holder undertakes to comply with the internal rules of SJSC Riga International Airport and aviation safety rules.
- 12. In case of uncertainty, please consult passenger registration agent.